

Tab. C2-4 R&D intensity of the Länder and Germany 2009 and 2019 in percent

Länder	2009				2019			
	Total	Business sector	Public sector	Tertiary education institutions	Total	Business sector	Public sector	Tertiary education institutions
Baden-Württemberg	4.62	3.68	0.43	0.52	5.79	4.84	0.42	0.53
Bavaria	3.04	2.35	0.28	0.41	3.41	2.61	0.33	0.47
Berlin	3.37	1.38	1.14	0.85	3.33	1.33	1.17	0.83
Brandenburg	1.40	0.35	0.72	0.32	1.81	0.65	0.78	0.39
Bremen	2.65	0.98	0.91	0.76	3.01	0.99	1.23	0.79
Hamburg	2.11	1.18	0.45	0.49	2.18	1.22	0.38	0.57
Hesse	2.97	2.36	0.22	0.39	3.10	2.30	0.34	0.47
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	1.84	0.58	0.71	0.54	1.81	0.51	0.65	0.65
Lower Saxony	2.60	1.72	0.40	0.49	3.14	2.24	0.35	0.55
North Rhine-Westphalia	1.97	1.19	0.31	0.47	2.16	1.26	0.33	0.57
Rhineland-Palatinate	2.03	1.48	0.16	0.38	2.62	1.97	0.21	0.45
Saarland	1.26	0.50	0.37	0.38	1.90	0.89	0.44	0.58
Saxony	2.73	1.20	0.83	0.70	2.99	1.31	0.83	0.85
Saxony-Anhalt	1.37	0.44	0.48	0.45	1.54	0.41	0.54	0.59
Schleswig-Holstein	1.29	0.58	0.35	0.36	1.68	0.79	0.35	0.53
Thuringia	2.18	1.06	0.53	0.59	2.35	1.16	0.53	0.66
Germany	2.74	1.85	0.41	0.49	3.19	2.20	0.44	0.56

R&D intensity: Länder expenditure on research and development as a percentage of their gross domestic product, broken down by performing sector. GDP as of 22 Oct. 2021.

Source: SV Wissenschaftsstatistik and statistical offices of the Federal Government and the Länder. Calculations by SV Wissenschaftsstatistik in Kladroba et al (2022).

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